

# Safety Data Sheet



## Section 1 - Identification of the Material and Supplier

**Product Name:** Quartz 5000 Future GF5 SN 10W30  
**Product Code:** LB-12-036-T2  
**Product Use:** Motor Oil  
**Supplier:** Oil Intel Limited  
56 Whakatu Road, Whakatu  
Hastings 4172  
NEW ZEALAND  
Phone: +64 (06) 871 53 25  
Fax: +64 (06) 870 48 90

### EMERGENCY

**TELEPHONE NUMBER:** 0800 734 607 (New Zealand)

**Chemical Nature:** Petroleum-derived severely refined mineral-base product, in which the polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PCA or PAH) content, measure by IP346 is less than 3%.

**Creation Date:** December 2013

**This Version Issued:** July 2018 and is valid for 5 years from this date.

## Section 2 - Hazards Identification

### Statement of Hazardous Nature

**This product is classified as:** Non-Hazardous according to the criteria of SWA. Non-Dangerous Good according to the Australian Dangerous Goods (ADG) Code.

**Risk Phrases:** Not Hazardous – No criteria found.

**Safety Phrases:** S23, 24/25. Do not breathe mists. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

**SUSMP Classification:** None allocated.

**ADG Classification:** None allocated. Not a Dangerous Good under the ADG Code.

**UN Number:** None allocated.

## Potential Health Effects

### Inhalation

- **Short Term Exposure:** Available data indicates that this product is not harmful. However product may be mildly irritating, although unlikely to cause anything more than mild transient discomfort.
- **Long Term Exposure:** No data for health effects associated with long term inhalation.

### Skin Contact

- **Short Term Exposure:** Available data indicates that this product is not harmful. It should present no hazards in normal use. In addition product is unlikely to cause any discomfort in normal use.
- **Long Term Exposure:** No data for health effects associated with long term skin exposure.

### Eye Contact

- **Short Term Exposure:** This product may be mildly irritating to eyes, but is unlikely to cause anything more than mild discomfort which should disappear once product is removed.
- **Long Term Exposure:** No data for health effects associated with long term eye exposure.

### Ingestion

- **Short Term Exposure:** Significant oral exposure is considered to be unlikely. This product, while believed to be non-harmful, is likely to cause headache and gastric disturbance such as nausea and vomiting if ingested in significant quantities. This product is unlikely to cause any irritation problems in the short or long term.
- **Long Term Exposure:** No data for health effects associated with long term ingestion.

### Carcinogen Status:

- **SWA:** No significant ingredient is classified as carcinogenic by SWA.
- **NTP:** No significant ingredient is classified as carcinogenic by NTP.
- **IARC:** No significant ingredient is classified as carcinogenic by IARC.

### Section 3 - Composition/Information on Ingredients

Ingredients	CAS No	Conc, %	TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	STEL (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
Oil, mineral		>90	5 (mist)	not set
Zinc alkyldithiophosphate	68649-42-3	<0.76	not set	not set
Alkarylamine		<1.1	not set	not set
Polyolefin polyamine succinimide, polyol		<1.52	not set	not set
Diphenylamine	122-39-4	<0.01	not set	not set
Ethyleneglycol	107-21-1	<0.01	not set	not set
Polyolefin polyamine succinimide, borated	not available	<0.31	not set	not set
Calcium long chain alkaryl sulphonate	not available	<0.53	not set	not set
Alkenoic acid ester, borated	not available	<0.23	not set	not set
Polyolefin polyamine succinimide, molybdenum complex	not available	<0.23	not set	not set
Calcium branched chain alkylphenatesulphide	not available	<0.16	not set	not set

This is a commercial product whose exact ratio of components may vary slightly. Minor quantities of other non-hazardous ingredients are also possible.

The SWA TWA exposure value is the average airborne concentration of a particular substance when calculated over a normal 8 hour working day for a 5 day working week. The STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit) is an exposure value that may be equalled (but should not be exceeded) for no longer than 15 minutes and should not be repeated more than 4 times per day. There should be at least 60 minutes between successive exposures at the STEL. The term "peak" is used when the TWA limit, because of the rapid action of the substance, should never be exceeded, even briefly.

### Section 4 - First Aid Measures

**General Information:** You should call the Poisons Information Centre if you feel that you may have been poisoned, burned or irritated by this product. The number is 0800 746 766 in New Zealand and is available at all times. Have this MSDS with you when you call.

**Inhalation:** No first aid measures normally required. However, if inhalation has occurred, and irritation has developed, remove to fresh air and observe until recovered. If irritation becomes painful or persists more than about 30 minutes, seek medical advice.

**Skin Contact:** Gently blot away excess liquid. Irritation is unlikely. However, if irritation does occur, flush with lukewarm, gently flowing water for 5 minutes or until the product is removed.

**Eye Contact:** Quickly and gently blot material from eyes. No effects expected. If irritation does occur, flush contaminated eye(s) with lukewarm, gently flowing water for 5 minutes or until the product is removed. Obtain medical advice if irritation becomes painful or lasts more than a few minutes. Take special care if exposed person is wearing contact lenses.

**Ingestion:** If product is swallowed or gets in mouth, do NOT induce vomiting; wash mouth with water and give some water to drink. If symptoms develop, or if in doubt contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.

**Advice to Doctor:** Treat symptomatically.

### Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

**Fire and Explosion Hazards:** This product is classified as a C2 combustible product. There is little risk of an explosion from this product if commercial quantities are involved in a fire. Violent steam generation or eruption may occur upon application of direct water stream on hot liquids. Vapours from this product are heavier than air and may accumulate in sumps, pits and other low-lying areas, forming potentially explosive mixtures. They may also flash back considerable distances. Fire decomposition products from this product may be toxic if inhaled. Take appropriate protective measures. Incomplete combustion and thermolysis may produce gases of varying toxicity such as carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, various hydrocarbons, aldehydes and soot. These may be highly dangerous if inhaled in confined spaces or at high concentrations.

**Extinguishing Media:** Suitable extinguishing media are carbon dioxide, foam, dry chemical and water fog.

**Fire Fighting:** If a significant quantity of this product is involved in a fire, call the fire brigade.

**Flashpoint:** 234°C (ASTM D 92)

**Upper Flammability Limit:** No data

**Lower Flammability Limit:** No data

**Autoignition Temperature:** >250°C (ASTM E 659-78) This temperature may be significantly lower under particular conditions (slow oxidation of finely divided materials).

**Flammability Class:** C2

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## Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

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**Accidental Release:** Minor spills do not normally need any special clean-up measures. In the event of a major spill, prevent spillage from entering drains or water courses. As a minimum, wear overalls, goggles and gloves. Suitable materials for protective clothing including rubber and PVC. Eye/face protective equipment should be worn such as protective glasses and preferably goggles. If there is a significant chance that vapours or mists are likely to build up in the clean-up area, we recommend that you use a respirator. Usually no respirator is necessary when using this product. However if you have any doubts, consult the Australian Standard mentioned below (section 8). Stop leak if safe to do so, and contain spill. Absorb onto sand, vermiculite or other suitable absorbent material. If spill is too large or if absorbent materials are not available, try to create a dike to stop material spreading or going into drains or waterways. Sweep up and shovel or collect recoverable product into labelled containers for recycling or salvage, and dispose of promptly. Can be slippery on floors, especially when wet. Recycle containers wherever possible after careful cleaning. After spills, wash area preventing runoff from entering drains. If a significant quantity of material enters drains, advise emergency services. This material may be suitable for approved landfill. Ensure legality of disposal by consulting regulations prior to disposal. Thoroughly launder protective clothing before storage or re-use. Advise laundry of nature of contamination when sending contaminated clothing to laundry.

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## Section 7 - Handling and Storage

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**Handling:** Keep exposure to this product to a minimum, and minimise the quantities kept in work areas. Check section 8 of this MSDS for details of personal protective measures, and make sure that those measures are followed. The measures detailed below under 'storage' should be followed during handling in order to minimise risks to persons using the product in the workplace. Also, avoid contact or contamination of product with incompatible materials listed in Section 10.

**Storage:** Note that this product is combustible and therefore, for 'storage', meets the definition of Dangerous Goods in some states. If you store large quantities (tonnes) of such products, we suggest that you consult your state's Dangerous Goods authority in order to clarify your obligations regarding their storage. Store packages of this product in a cool place. Make sure that the product does not come into contact with substances listed as 'incompatible' in section 10. Some liquid preparations settle or separate on standing and may require stirring before use. Check packaging – there may be further storage instructions on the label.

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## Section 8 - Exposure Controls and Personal Protection

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Respiratory Equipment: **AS/NZS 1715**, Protective Gloves: **AS 2161**, Occupational Protective Clothing: **AS/NZS 4501** set 2008, Industrial Eye Protection: **AS1336** and **AS/NZS 1337**, Occupational Protective Footwear: **AS/NZS221**

**SWA Exposure Limits**

**TWA (mg/m3)**

**STEL (mg/m3)**

Oil, mineral

5 (mist)

not set

No special equipment is usually needed when occasionally handling small quantities. The following instructions are for bulk handling or where regular exposure in an occupational setting occurs without proper containment systems.

**Ventilation:** This product should only be used in a well-ventilated area. If natural ventilation is inadequate, use of a fan is suggested.

**Eye Protection:** Eye protection such as protective glasses or goggles is recommended when this product is being used.

**Skin Protection:** The information at hand indicates that this product is not harmful and that normally no special skin protection is necessary. However, we suggest that you routinely avoid contact with all chemical products and that you wear suitable gloves (preferably elbow-length) when skin contact is likely.

**Protective Material Types:** We suggest that protective clothing be made from either rubber or PVC.

**Respirator:** Usually, no respirator is necessary when using this product. However, if you have any doubts consult the Australian Standard mentioned above.

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## Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties:

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<b>Physical Description &amp; Colour:</b>	Clear yellow to amber liquid
<b>Odour:</b>	Characteristic odour
<b>Volatiles:</b>	No data
<b>Vapour Pressure:</b>	No data
<b>Specific Gravity:</b>	0.868 at 15°C
<b>Water Solubility:</b>	Insoluble
<b>Autoignition Temperature:</b>	>250°C
<b>Coeff Oil/Water Distribution:</b>	No data
<b>Kinematic Viscosity at 100°C:</b>	9.8mm <sup>2</sup> /s

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## Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

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**Reactivity:** The product is unlikely to react or decompose under normal storage conditions. However, if you have any doubts, contact the supplier for advice on shelf-life properties.

**Conditions to Avoid:** This product should be kept in a cool place, preferably below 30°C. Keep containers tightly closed. Keep containers and surrounding areas well-ventilated.

**Fire Decomposition:** Combustion forms carbon dioxide, and if incomplete, carbon monoxide and smoke. Water is also formed. May form nitrogen and its compounds, and under some circumstances, oxides of nitrogen. Occasionally hydrogen cyanide gas in reducing atmospheres. May form oxides of sulphur (sulphur dioxide is a respiratory hazard) and other sulphur compounds. Most will have a foul odour. May form oxides of phosphorus and other phosphorus compounds. Small quantities of zinc compounds. Carbon monoxide poisoning produces headaches, weakness, nausea, dizziness, confusion, dimness of vision, disturbance of judgment, and unconsciousness followed by coma and death.

**Polymerisation:** Polymerisation reactions are unlikely; they are not expected to occur.

**Incompatible Materials:** Strong oxidising agents.

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## Section 11 - Toxicological Information

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**Toxicology:** No ingredient mentioned in the HSIS Database is present in this product at hazardous concentrations.

**Inhalation:** Not classified. Inhalation of vapours in high concentration may cause irritation of the respiratory system.

**Ingestion:** Not classified. Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea.

**Sensitization:** Risk is unlikely under normal conditions of use.

**Carcinogenicity:** During use in engines, contamination of oil with low levels of combustion products occurs. Used motor oils have been shown to cause skin cancer in mice following repeated application and continuous exposure. Brief or intermittent skin contact with used motor oil is not expected to have serious effects in humans if the oil is thoroughly removed by washing with soap and water.

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## Section 12 - Ecological Information

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### Mobility:

- **Air:** Loss by evaporation is limited.
- **Soil:** Given its physical and chemical characteristics, the product generally shows low soil mobility.
- **Water:** Insoluble, the product spreads on the surface of water.

### Acute Aquatic Toxicity Component:

Zinc alkyldithiophosphate

- EC<sub>50</sub> (48h) (*Daphnia magna*) 1-1.5mg/L
- LC<sub>50</sub> (96h) (*Pimephales promelas*) (static) 1-5mg/L
- LC<sub>50</sub> (96h) (*Pimephales promelas*) (semi-static) 10-35mg/L

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## Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

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This Version Issued: July 2018

**Disposal:** This product may be recycled if unused, or if it has not been contaminated so as to make it unsuitable for its intended use. If it has been contaminated, it may be possible to reclaim the product by filtration, distillation or some other means. If neither of these options is suitable, consider controlled incineration, or landfill.

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## Section 14 - Transport Information

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**ADG Code:** This product is not classified as a Dangerous Good. No special transport conditions are necessary unless required by other regulations.

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## Section 15 - Regulatory Information

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### New Zealand Regulatory Information:

**HSNO Approval Number**     HSR002605  
**HSNO Group Standard**     Lubricants (Low Hazard) Group Standard 2006

**HSNO Classification**     6.3 - SKIN IRRITATION - Category B  
    6.4 - EYE IRRITATION - Category A (Irritant)  
    9.1 - AQUATIC ECOTOXICITY - Category D

### Regulation according to other foreign laws:

**AICS:** All of the significant ingredients in this formulation are compliant with NICNAS regulations.

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## Section 16 - Other Information

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**This MSDS contains only safety-related information. For other data see product literature.**

### Acronyms:

<b>ADG Code</b>	Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (7 <sup>th</sup> edition)
<b>AICS</b>	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances
<b>SWA</b>	Safe Work Australia, formerly ASCC and NOHSC
<b>CAS number</b>	Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number
<b>Hazchem Code</b>	Emergency action code of numbers and letters that provide information to emergency services especially fire-fighters
<b>IARC</b>	International Agency for Research on Cancer
<b>NOS</b>	Not otherwise specified
<b>NTP</b>	National Toxicology Program (USA)
<b>R-Phrase</b>	Risk Phrase
<b>SUSMP</b>	Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines & Poisons
<b>UN Number</b>	United Nations Number

THIS MSDS SUMMARISES OUR BEST KNOWLEDGE OF THE HEALTH AND SAFETY HAZARD INFORMATION OF THE PRODUCT AND HOW TO SAFELY HANDLE AND USE THE PRODUCT IN THE WORKPLACE. EACH USER MUST REVIEW THIS MSDS IN THE CONTEXT OF HOW THE PRODUCT WILL BE HANDLED AND USED IN THE WORKPLACE.

IF CLARIFICATION OR FURTHER INFORMATION IS NEEDED TO ENSURE THAT AN APPROPRIATE RISK ASSESSMENT CAN BE MADE, THE USER SHOULD CONTACT THIS COMPANY SO WE CAN ATTEMPT TO OBTAIN ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FROM OUR SUPPLIERS. OUR RESPONSIBILITY FOR PRODUCTS SOLD IS SUBJECT TO OUR STANDARD TERMS AND CONDITIONS, A COPY OF WHICH IS SENT TO OUR CUSTOMERS AND IS ALSO AVAILABLE ON REQUEST.

Please read all labels carefully before using product.

This MSDS is prepared in accord with the SWA document "National Code of Practice for the Preparation of Material Safety Data Sheets" 2nd Edition [NOHSC:2011(2003)]

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